



Artikelnr P1008606

Egenskap	Värde	Enhet	Standard
Tetthet	3	g/cm ^{Å³}	DIN EN ISO 1183-1
StrekkgrenseSpenning	53	MPa	DIN EN ISO 527-2
Elastisitetsmodul (trek)	3000	MPa	DIN EN ISO 527-2
Brottsdeformasjon	8	%	DIN EN ISO 527-2
Smeltepunkt	179	Â°C	DIN EN ISO 11357
Maksimal drifttemperatur (kortvarig)	150	Â°C	
Maksimal driftstemperatur	110	Â°C	
Varme-forvrengning (HDT/A)	141	Â°C	
Vicat-mykningstemperatur (VST/B/50)	90	Â°C	DIN EN ISO 306
Dielektrisk Styrke	23	kV/mm	ISO 60243-1
VolumResistivitet	10 ^{Å¹} â´	Î©	DIN EN 62631-3-1
Dielektrisk konstant (1 MHz)	2.4	-	IEC 60250
Brannklasse (UL 94)	60695		UL 94
BÄyhÄllfasthet	53	MPa	DIN EN ISO 527-2
Termisk konduktivit�t	0.46	W/(mÄK)	ISO 22007-4
Overflatemotstand	10 ^{Å¹} â´	Î©	DIN EN 62631-3-2
Fuktabsorpsjon til metning	0.1	%	DIN EN ISO 62
SkÄret slagfasthet (Charpy)	25	kJ/mÄ²	DIN EN ISO 179-1
Slagsegghet (Charpy)	2	kJ/mÄ²	DIN EN ISO 179-1
Termisk utvidelseskoef�ficient	23	10 ^{å»} â´/K	DIN EN ISO 11359-1
Hardhet Shore D	81	Â° Shore D	DIN EN ISO 868

● Beständigt ● Delvis beständigt ● Ej beständigt

Kemikalie	Konc.	Resultat
1,4-Dioxan	100%	

Kemikalie	Konc.	Resultat
2-Hydroxypropionic Acid	90%	
Acetic Acid	100%	
Aceton	100%	
Ammoniak	conc.	
Ammonium Chloride	â€”	
Amyl Alcohol	â€”	
Apple Juice	â€”	
Bensen	â€”	
Bleaching Solution	12.5 cl	
Boric Acid	100%	
Brake Fluid	â€”	
Br�nsle, aromatfritt	â€”	
Butyl Acetate	â€”	
Calcium Chloride	â€”	
Carbon Disulfide	100%	
Carbon Tetrachloride	â€”	
Citric Acid	10%	
Cyklohexanon	100%	
Cyklohexen	100%	
Diesel Fuel	â€”	
Diethylene Oxide	â€”	
Eddik, standard	5-10%	
Ethyl Acetate	100%	
Ethyl Alcohol	96%	
Ethylene Chloride	100%	
Fenol, vattenl.	ca. 9%	
Food Oil	â€”	
Formaldehyd, vattenl.	40%	
Formic Acid	10%	
Frost Protection Agent	â€”	
Glycerin	100%	
Glykol	100%	
Heating Oil	â€”	
Heptan	100%	

Kemikalie	Konc.	Resultat
Hydrochloric Acid	10%	●
Hydrochloric Acid (concentrated)	conc.	●
Hydrofluoric Acid	40%	●
Hydrogen Peroxide	10%	●
Hydrogen Sulfide, aqueous solution	â€”	●
Isopropyl Alcohol	100%	●
Klor (gas)	100%	●
Klorbensen	100%	●
Kloroform	â€”	●
Kresol	â€”	●
Linseed Oil	â€”	●
Melk	â€”	●
Merkurokrom	â€”	●
Methyl Alcohol	100%	●
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)	100%	●
Methylene Chloride	100%	●
Mineral Oils (aromatic free)	â€”	●
Nitric Acid	10%	●
Nitric Acid (50%)	50%	●
Nitrobensen	â€”	●
Oxalic Acid	â€”	●
Ozone Gas	â‰‰0.5 ppm	●
Paraffine Oil	100%	●
Perkloretylen	â€”	●
Petroleum	100%	●
Petroleum Ether	100%	●
Phosphoric Acid	50%	●
Potassium Hydroxide liquor	50%	●
Premium Fuel	â€”	●
Propyl Alcohol	â€”	●
Pyridin	â€”	●
Silicone Oil	â€”	●
Sodium Carbonate, aqueous	â€”	●
Sodium Chloride, aqueous	â€”	●
Sodium Hydrogen Sulfite	â€”	●

Kemikalie	Konc.	Resultat
Sodium Hydroxide liquor (15%)	15%	
Sodium Hydroxide liquor (60%)	60%	
Sodium Nitrate, aqueous	â€”	
Sodium Thiosulfate	â€”	
Sulfuric Acid	96%	
Tetrahydrofuran, THF	100%	
Toluen	100%	
Transformer Oil	â€”	
Trikloreten	100%	
Vann	â€”	
Xylen	â€”	