



PA6.6 GF30 30x3000 mm musta

Artikelnr P1002515

1. Tekniskt datablad

Egenskap	Värde	Enhet	Standard
Tiheys	1.3	g/cm³	ISO 1183
Venymisrajan jännitys	100	MPa	ISO 527
Joustavuusmoduli (vetolujuus)	5900	MPa	ISO 527-2
Murtolujuus	100	MPa	ISO 527-2
Murtovenymä	5	%	ISO 527-2
Sulamispiste	257.5	°C	ISO 3146
Maksimaalinen käyttölämpötila (lyhytaikainen)	175	°C	UL746B
Maksimi käyttölämpötila	120	°C	
Alin lämpötila	-20	°C	
Lämpötilakertoja (HDT/A)	150	°C	ISO 75-2
Lämpötilakertoja (HDT/B)	250	°C	ISO 75
Dielektrinen voimakkuus	30	kV/mm	IEC 60243-1
Tilavuusresistanssi	~10¹¹	Ω·cm	IEC 60093
Dielektrinen vakio (1 MHz)	3.6	-	IEC 60250
Dielektrinen hajoamiskerroin (1 MHz)	0.0	-	IEC 60250
Lämpöjohtavuus	0.31	W/(m·K)	DIN 52612
Pintaresistanssi	~10¹¹	Ω	IEC 60093
Vertailukulkemisindeksi (CTI)	475	V	IEC 60112
Imeytymisen maksimointi	3.6	%	ISO 62
Vesihaku kyllästymiseen	5.5	%	ISO 62
Särkyäkesto (Charpy)	6	kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eA
Iskunkestävyys (Charpy)	50	kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eU
Lämpölaajenemiskerroin	0.5	10⁻⁵/K	ISO 11359
Kovuus Shore D	85	° Shore D	ISO 868
Kulmapaineen kovuus	165	MPa	ISO 2039-1

2. Kemisk beständighet

Beständig Delvis beständig Ej beständig

Kemikalie	Konc.	Resultat
1,4-Dioxane	100	
2-Hydroxypropionic Acid	90	
Acetic Acid	100	
Acetone	100	
Ammonia	conc.	
Ammonium Chloride	â€”	
Amyl Alcohol	â€”	
Apple Juice	â€”	
Benzene	â€”	
Bleaching Solution	12.5 cl	
Boric Acid	100	
Brake Fluid	â€”	
Butyl Acetate	â€”	
Calcium Chloride	â€”	
Carbon Disulfide	100	
Carbon Tetrachloride	â€”	
Chlorine (gas)	100	
Chlorobenzene	100	
Chloroform	â€”	
Citric Acid	10	
Cresol	â€”	
Cyclohexanone	100	
Cyclohexene	100	
Diesel Fuel	â€”	
Diethylene Oxide	â€”	
Ethyl Acetate	100	
Ethyl Alcohol	96	
Ethylene Chloride	100	
Food Oil	â€”	
Formaldehyde (aqueous)	40	
Formic Acid	10	
Frost Protection Agent	â€”	
Fuel (aromatic free)	â€”	
Glycerine	100	

Kemikalie	Konc.	Resultat
Glycol	100	
Heating Oil	â€”	
Heptane	100	
Hydrochloric Acid	10	
Hydrochloric Acid (concentrated)	conc.	
Hydrofluoric Acid	40	
Hydrogen Peroxide	10	
Hydrogen Sulfide (aqueous)	â€”	
Isopropyl Alcohol	100	
Linseed Oil	â€”	
Mercurochrome	â€”	
Methyl Alcohol	100	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)	100	
Methylene Chloride	100	
Milk	â€”	
Mineral Oils (aromatic free)	â€”	
Nitric Acid	10	
Nitric Acid	50	
Nitrobenzene	â€”	
Oxalic Acid	â€”	
Ozone Gas	â‰‰ 0.5 ppm	
Paraffine Oil	100	
Perchloroethylene	â€”	
Petroleum	100	
Petroleum Ether	100	
Phenol (aqueous)	ca. 9	
Phosphoric Acid	50	
Potassium Hydroxide liquor	50	
Premium Fuel	â€”	
Propyl Alcohol	â€”	
Pyridine	â€”	
Silicone Oil	â€”	
Sodium Carbonate (aqueous)	â€”	
Sodium Chloride (aqueous)	â€”	
Sodium Hydrogen Sulfite	â€”	

Kemikalie	Konc.	Resultat
Sodium Hydroxide liquor	60	●
Sodium Hydroxide liquor	15	●
Sodium Nitrate (aqueous)	â€”	●
Sodium Thiosulfate	â€”	●
Sulfuric Acid	96	●
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	100	●
Toluene	100	●
Transformer Oil	â€”	●
Trichloroethylene	100	●
Vinegar (standard)	5 - 10	●
Water	â€”	●
Xylene	â€”	●