



PA6 C 140/60x3000 mm luonnollinen

Artikelnr P1202005

1. Tekniskt datablad

Egenskap	Värde	Enhet	Standard
Tiheys	1.1	g/cm³	ISO 1183
Venymisrajan jännitys	75	MPa	ISO 527
Joustavuusmoduli (vetolujuus)	3500	MPa	ISO 527-2
Murtovenymä	25	%	ISO 527-2
Sulamispiste	220	°C	ISO 3146
Maksimaalinen käyttölämpötila (lyhytaikainen)	170	°C	
Maksimi käyttölämpötila	105	°C	
Alin lämpötila	-30	°C	
Lämpökestävyys (HDT/A)	80	°C	ISO 75-2
Dielektrinen voimakkuus	25	kV/mm	IEC 60243-1
Tilavuusresistanssi	10 ¹⁴ Ω·cm	Ω·cm	IEC 60093
Dielektrinen vakio (1 MHz)	3.2	-	IEC 60250
Dielektrinen vakio (100 Hz)	3.6	-	IEC 60250
Dielektrinen hajoamiskerroin (1 MHz)	0.0	-	IEC 60250
Dielektrinen hajoamiskerroin (100 Hz)	0.0	-	IEC 60250
Taivutuslujuus	85	MPa	ISO 527-2
Lämpöjohtavuus	0.29	W/(m·K)	DIN 52612
Pintaresistanssi	10 ¹⁴ Ω	Ω	IEC 60093
Vertailukulkemisindeksi (CTI)	600	V	IEC 60112
Imeytymisen maksimointi	2.3	%	ISO 62
Vesihaku kyllästymiseen	6.5	%	ISO 62
Särkyäkesto (Charpy)	3.5	kJ/m²	ISO 179/1eA
Lämpölaajenemiskerroin	0.8	10 ⁻⁶ /K	ISO 11359
Kulmapaineen kovuus	148.3	MPa	ISO 2039-1

2. Kemisk beständighet

● Beständig ● Delvis beständig ● Ej beständig

Kemikalie	Konc.	Resultat
1,4-Dioxane	100	
2-Hydroxypropionic Acid	90	
Acetic Acid	100	
Acetone	100	
Ammonia	conc.	
Ammonium Chloride	â€”	
Amyl Alcohol	â€”	
Apple Juice	â€”	
Benzene	â€”	
Bleaching Solution	12.5 cl	
Boric Acid	100	
Brake Fluid	â€”	
Butyl Acetate	â€”	
Calcium Chloride	â€”	
Carbon Disulfide	100	
Carbon Tetrachloride	â€”	
Chlorine (gas)	100	
Chlorobenzene	100	
Chloroform	â€”	
Citric Acid	10	
Cresol	â€”	
Cyclohexanone	100	
Cyclohexene	100	
Diesel Fuel	â€”	
Diethylene Oxide	â€”	
Ethyl Acetate	100	
Ethyl Alcohol	96	
Ethylene Chloride	100	
Food Oil	â€”	
Formaldehyde (aqueous)	40	
Formic Acid	10	
Frost Protection Agent	â€”	
Fuel (aromatic free)	â€”	
Glycerine	100	
Glycol	100	

Kemikalie	Konc.	Resultat
Heating Oil	â€”	●
Heptane	100	●
Hydrochloric Acid	10	●
Hydrochloric Acid (concentrated)	conc.	●
Hydrofluoric Acid	40	●
Hydrogen Peroxide	10	●
Hydrogen Sulfide (aqueous)	â€”	●
Isopropyl Alcohol	100	●
Linseed Oil	â€”	●
Mercurochrome	â€”	●
Methyl Alcohol	100	●
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)	100	●
Methylene Chloride	100	●
Milk	â€”	●
Mineral Oils (aromatic free)	â€”	●
Nitric Acid	10	●
Nitric Acid	50	●
Nitrobenzene	â€”	●
Oxalic Acid	â€”	●
Ozone Gas	â‰‰ 0.5 ppm	●
Paraffine Oil	100	●
Perchloroethylene	â€”	●
Petroleum	100	●
Petroleum Ether	100	●
Phenol (aqueous)	ca. 9	●
Phosphoric Acid	50	●
Potassium Hydroxide liquor	50	●
Premium Fuel	â€”	●
Propyl Alcohol	â€”	●
Pyridine	â€”	●
Silicone Oil	â€”	●
Sodium Carbonate (aqueous)	â€”	●
Sodium Chloride (aqueous)	â€”	●
Sodium Hydrogen Sulfite	â€”	●
Sodium Hydroxide liquor	60	●

Kemikalie	Konc.	Resultat
Sodium Hydroxide liquor	15	
Sodium Nitrate (aqueous)	â€”	
Sodium Thiosulfate	â€”	
Sulfuric Acid	96	
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	100	
Toluene	100	
Transformer Oil	â€”	
Trichloroethylene	100	
Vinegar (standard)	5 - 10	
Water	â€”	
Xylene	â€”	